





PES-106

Eddy Current Proximity Sensor

The PES-106 eddy current proximity sensor is designed for measurements of relative non-contact vibration. displacement, and axial positioning. The sensor is equipped with built-in conditioning circuitry allowing it to be directly connected to processing instrumentation.

General Specifications

Operation

Measurement Type

Measuring Range*

Outputs*

· Sensitivity*

Accuracy

Repeatability

Bandwidth

· Load at Current Output

Load at Voltage Output

· Temperature Drift

• Short Circuit Protection

Power Requirements

Voltage

Consumption

Voltage Reversal Protection

· Warm-up Time

Connection

Connector Type

· Maximum Cable Length For Current Output For Voltage Output

Non-contact proximity, eddy current

0 to 6 mm [0 to 236 mils]

4 to 20 mA

0 to 10 V

2.67 mA/mm [67.8 µA/mil]

1.67 V/mm [42.4 mV/mil]

According to correction factor

DC to 1 kHz (-3dB)

500 Ω max.

 $10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ min.}$

< 10%

Built-in

15 to 30 Vdc 30 mA max.

Built-in

5 minutes

4-pin M12 male

300 m [984 ft] 100 m [328 ft]

Environment

· Temperature Range Operating

Storage

0 to 70 °C [32 to 158 °F] -25 to 70 °C [-13 to 158 °F]

 Protection Rating IP67

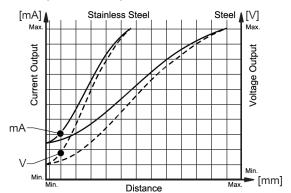
Physical Characteristics

 Sensor Body Sensing Face

Chrome-plated brass

PBTP

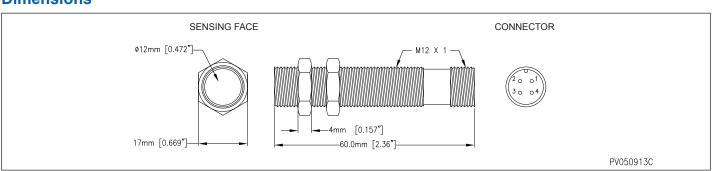
Typical Response Comparison (Steel vs. Stainless Steel)





Warning: Response of inductive sensors varies with target material, as shown in the graph above. A site calibration is required to calculate the appropriate correction factor to be applied.

Dimensions



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^{*}Target material: FE360 steel